

NIES - Producing “Etalons” for the Chemical Analysis of Environmental Samples

Since 1980, NIES has developed 33 environmental Certified Reference Materials (CRMs) and provided thousands of bottles of CRMs to more than 50 countries. NIES contributes to ensuring the accuracy control and traceability of environmental analysis by providing a wide range of environmental CRMs.



“ The NIES CRM program will continue to support the accuracy of environmental analysis by providing a wide range of environmental CRMs. ”



What if Measurement Scales Differed Depending on the Person?

Imagine you purchased a sofa online and when it arrived it didn't go through the door. This scenario could happen to everyone if people had their own unique set of measurement scales. Thankfully, we have an internationally agreed set of scales when measuring the properties of something so we can avoid such scenario.

In the same way, what if we want to measure the chemical characteristics of substances, such as the concentrations of elements? How can we prove the accuracy of the measured data? To ensure the scientific correctness of data, researchers have been using materials called Reference Materials (RMs) and Certified Reference Materials (CRMs) which NIES developed to use as measurement standards.

Seven Team Members Producing Environmental CRMs

The environmental CRMs are produced by various research institutes around the world including NIES. All institutes pursue to improve the accuracy of chemical analysis of environmental samples but the largest difference between NIES and others might be the size of the team – the NIES CRM program comprises only seven members.

The program runs with a small number of staff paying close attention to the CRMs' entire production processes from material selection and sampling; material processing (i.e., drying, powdering, sieving, blending, bottling, statistical progressing); and ending with certification in accordance with ISO 17034 (see column). No wonder it takes at least three years to complete this entire process! The CRMs program also takes advantage of obtaining valuable information from experts inside and outside NIES to produce variety of environmental CRMs – NIES has many experts from various disciplines in the field of environmental research.

Characteristics of NIES CRMs – Pursuing Nearly Natural CRMs

On the contrast to highly-pure reagent containing specific elements and compounds, environmental samples are often complicated mixtures of elements and compounds requiring appropriate measurement approaches depending on the analytical purposes. For example, hair contains both organic and inorganic mercury species

that have become entrapped via different mechanisms. If concentrated chemical is added during the material processing of CRM production, it will not be entrapped to the CRM as in the nature, and the data obtained using the CRM may be incorrect even when measured in a defined approach. In this respect, it is important that CRMs are closer to natural substances and this is why NIES uses only natural substances to prepare CRMs that have been adapted for domestic and international environmental regulations.

All CRMs are prepared to meet the global standards (International Organization for Standardization, ISO) and are registered to the international reference materials database (COde d'indexation des MAtériaux de Référence, COMAR). The CRM program has such an uncompromising approach for producing CRMs ensuring the accuracy control and traceability of environmental analyses. The following paragraphs describes two of distinctive NIES CRMs, “Rice Flour-Unpolished” and “Typical Japanese Diet”, and how they obtain nearly natural samples.

Rice Raised at NIES

In the beginning of the 20th century, Japan reported the first cases of itai-itai disease caused by cadmium poisoning. Mined heavy metals including cadmium were released into the rivers which its water was used to irrigate the rice fields. The rice uptook these heavy metals, cadmium in particular, causing the itai-itai disease. In response, the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (MHLW) established a standard value for cadmium in unpolished rice flour (0.4 mg/kg; MHLW, 2010).

The NIES CRM members used a tank-farming approach to raise, harvest, and thresh rice as their material in NIES' premises. Cadmium chloride was added to the tank during the cultivation, allowing the roots to uptake and accumulate it into the rice grains. By this process, NIES CRM No.10-d Rice Flour-Unpolished contains cadmium at standard level.

Meals from Hokkaido to Okinawa:

NIES CRM No.27 Typical Japanese Diet is of great importance for research on chemical substances accumulated into human body from the diet. The dietary intake of contaminant elements, such as arsenic, cadmium, and lead, has been assessed in various research. Japan has a rich food culture that varies considerably by geographical area from the North to the South, from the coast and river to the mountainous inland. To produce the CRM, 29 households

from 23 prefectures, from Hokkaido to Okinawa, were selected taking into consideration age and gender. Each household prepared meals in duplicate diet method over three days each in spring and autumn. The households prepared total of 522 meals weighing 60kg including miso soup, grilled fish, sushi, deep-fried pork, snacks, beverages and drinking water. These were all sent to NIES in frozen state to have them freeze-dried to grind and homogenize, and then bottled.

Future Insights

Forty years have passed since the start of the CRM program, and their scientific challenge continues pursuing to improve the accuracy on chemical analysis of environmental samples and to develop new CRMs.

The demand for environmental CRMs diversifies as the environment and social conditions changes and as analytical technologies advances. The CRMs are also expected to have a greater variety and values, such as isotopic compositions. The NIES CRM program will continue to support the accuracy of environmental analysis by providing a wide range of environmental CRMs.

Reference: Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (MHLW) (2010) Partial Revision of Specification and Standards for Food, Food Additives, etc. (Department of Food Safety, 0408 No.2) (in Japanese)



Definition of RMs and CRMs

Reference Materials (RMs) are materials, sufficiently homogeneous and stable with respect to one or more specified properties, which has been established to be fit for its intended use in a measurement process. Certified Reference Materials (CRMs) are Reference Material which is characterized by a metrologically valid procedure for those specified properties, accompanied by a certificate that provides the value of the specified property, its associated uncertainty, and a statement of metrological traceability (ISO Guide 30:2015).

ISO Guide 30:2015. Reference materials — Selected terms and definitions (<https://www.iso.org/standard/46209.html>)

The Production Process of NIES' Environmental CRMs

1 Preparation of raw materials (collection, cultivation, etc.)



2 Homogenization (drying, powdering, sieving, blending)



3 Bottling



4 Certification



- 1) Assessment of homogeneity
- 2) Assessment of stability and setting expiry date
- 3) Characterization by a network of independent laboratories
- 4) Determination of certified values and evaluation of uncertainties

5 Issuing of certificate and registration to COMAR and RMinfo



6 Stability monitoring



LIST of NIES CRMs

CRM No.	Name	Certified Value
No.3	Chlorella	Elements
No.10-d	Rice Flour-Unpolished	Elements
No.12	Marine Sediment	Organo Sn
No.13	Human Hair	Methyl Hg
No.15	Scallop	Organo Sn
No.18	Human Urine	Organo As
No.23	Tea Leaves II	Elements
No.24	Fly Ash II	PCDDs, PCDFs
No.26	Water Bloom	Microcystins, Elements
No.27	Typical Japanese Diet	Elements
No.28	Urban Aerosols	Elements
No.29	Water Hyacinth	Elements
No.30	Gobi Kosa Dust	Elements
No.31	Lake Sediment	Elements
No.32	Bluegill	PFOS
No.33	Landfill Cover Soil	Elements

Related Papers

- 1) Yamakawa A., Takeuchi A., Shibata Y., Bérail S., Donard O. F. X. (2016) Determination of Hg isotopic compositions in certified reference material NIES No. 13 Human Hair by cold vapor generation multi-collector inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry. *Accreditation and Quality Assurance*, 21, 197-202.
- 2) Nishikawa M., Sano T., Nagano K., Ukachi M., Onishi K., Yamakawa A., Takeuchi A., Hirano M., Mori I. (2020) Development and characteristics of a new certified reference material for landfill cover soil analysis with extraction by dilute hydrochloric acid. *Analytical Methods*, 12, 1896-1905.
- 3) Yamakawa A., Bérail S., Amouroux D., Tessier E., Barre J., Sano T., Nagano K., Kanwal S., Yoshinaga J., Donard O. F. X. (2020) Hg isotopic composition and total Hg mass fraction in NIES Certified Reference Material No. 28 Urban Aerosols. *Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry*, 412, 4483-4493.

Website: <http://www.nies.go.jp/labo/crm-e/index.html>

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